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5. Transitions of Care

5.1. General Information

In managed care, <u>HSDHCA</u> will continue its commitment to providing the necessary supports to assist <u>mM</u>embers as they transition under various circumstances.

The MCOs must identify and facilitate coordination of care for all <u>mM</u>embers during various transitions including but not limited to:

- Transition from an NF to the community;
- Transition for <u>mM</u>ember(s) with special circumstances;
- Transition for mMember(s) moving from a higher LOC to a lower LOC;
- Transition for <u>mM</u>ember(s) turning 21 years of age;
- Transition for mMember(s) changing MCOs while hospitalized;
- Transition for mMember(s) changing MCOs during major organ and tissue transplantation services;
- Transition for mMember(s) changing MCOs while receiving outpatient treatment for significant medical conditions;
- Transition for mMember(s) changing MCOs;
- Transition for mMember(s) previously in FFS;
- Transition for mMember(s) moving from a residential placement or institutional facility (including psychiatric hospitals) to a community placement;
- Transition for children entering or returning home from a foster care placement;
- Transition for mMember(s) released from correctional institutions, including juvenile or adult
 <u>prisons</u>, jail incarceration or detention detention center facilities;
- Transition for mMember(s) moving from an out-of-state placement to an in-state placement;
- Transition from ARTC or RTC to TFC, group home or foster care.
- Transition for mMember(s) discharging from a hospital;
- Transition for mMember(s) discharging from out_of_home placements (ARTC, RTC, Group Home,
 Therapeutic Foster Care [TFC]) and crisis centers related to BH treatment; and/or
- Transition for mMember(s) who are preparing to receive out_of_state treatment.



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5.2. Transitions of Care

The MCOs shall develop and implement methods for identifying and facilitating $\underline{\mathbf{e}}_{\underline{\mathbf{C}}}$ are $\underline{\mathbf{e}}_{\underline{\mathbf{C}}}$ oordination for all $\underline{\mathbf{m}}_{\underline{\mathbf{M}}}$ embers involved in various transition scenarios. Such methods shall include, at a minimum:

- The CNA;
- Preadmission Screening and Resident Review (PASRR);
- MDS;
- Provider referrals to or from hospitals and RTCs;
- Ombudsman;
- Family <u>Mm</u>ember;
- Change in medical status;
- Member self_referral;
- Community Reintegration Allocation received;
- A recommendation from the Individualized Planning Meeting Plan for a child or youth in CYFD PS custody or CYFD JJS;
- State Agency Referral; and/or
- Incarceration or detention facility referral.

If a mMember is a candidate for transitioning to the community, the Care Coordinator shall facilitate the development of and implementation of HCA's standardized TOC Plan (See Appendix 5.14.1). The transition plan which must be labeled "Transition of Care Plan" and may be a stand-alone document or included in the CCP. If included as a part of the CCP, the "Transition of Care Plan" must be clearly labeled for MCO tracking and HSDHCA auditing. The thransition of Care plan shall remain in place for a minimum of 60 calendar days from the date of the decision to pursue transition or until the transition has occurred and a new CCP is in place.

The transition of care plan shall address the member's transitional needs including but not limited to:

- PH and BH needs;
- CB needs;
- Continuation of Medicaid eligibility;
- Selection of providers in the community;
- Housing needs;
- Financial needs;



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 Interpersonal skills (the social skills people use to interact effectively with other people, including the ability to convey one's needs); and

Safety.

The Ccare Ccoordinator shall conduct an additional assessment within 75 calendar days after the transition to determine if the transition was successful and to identify any remaining needs resulting in a new CCP or modifications to an existing CCP.

If the <u>mM</u>ember has an existing full Medicaid category of assistance, other than Institutional Care, an allocation is not needed to reintegrate into the community. The reintegration process can be completed and CBs can be provided with the full Medicaid category.

If the Member is Not Otherwise Medicaid Eligible (NOME), and in an NF and wishes to receive services in the community, a Community Reintegration (CRI) allocation must be requested by contacting the Aging and Long-Term Services Department, Aging and Disability Resource Center (ALTSD/ADRC), prior to discharge (see Section 7: Community Benefits). The care coordinator must assist the Member in gaining eligibility for a CB category of assistance, and ensure services are authorized and in place for a safe and seamless discharge.

5.3. Transitions of Care Requirements

The MCO shall establish policies and procedures to ensure all <u>mM</u>embers are contacted in a timely manner and are appropriately assessed using <u>HSDHCA</u> prescribed time frames, processes and tools, to identify needs.

The MCO shall coordinate with the discharge planning teams at hospitals and institutions (e.g., NFs, jails/prisons, juvenile detention centers and CYFD secure facilities, RTCs, psychiatric hospitals, behavioral health facilities) to address at a minimum:

- Need for HCBS;
- Follow up appointments;
- Therapies and treatments;
- Medications; and for
- DME.

The MCO shall notify the assigned CYFD permanency placement Planning wW orker (PPW) for protective services (PS)_involved children and youth and juvenile perobation officer (JPO) for juvenile justice_involved youth, and community behavioral health colinician (CBHC) within 30 Business Days



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prior to transition in care for CYFD_-involved children/youth. Precipitous discharge from these placements is prohibited.

The MCO shall perform an in_home- assessment for mMembers who are transitioning from an inpatient hospital, and may be in need of Community Benefits, or NF stay within three calendar days after the transition. The assessment will address at a minimum:

- Safety in home environment;
- PH needs;
- BH needs;
- Housing needs;
- Continuation of Medicaid eligibility;
- Financial needs;
- CNA if one is not in place; and
- CB needs and services in place.

The MCO shall contact the mMember monthly for three months to ensure continuity of care has occurred and the mMember's needs are met. The MCO shall not transition mMembers to another provider for continuing services unless the current provider is not a contract provider. The MCO shall facilitate a seamless transition to new services and/or providers, without any disruption in services as outlined in the CCP.

For <u>mM</u>embers who are preparing to receive out_of__state treatment, the MCO shall ensure daily updates are provided to- the <u>mM</u>ember and/or A<u>uthorized</u> R<u>epresentative</u> about the status of the out_of__st_ate provider agreement and authorized treatment plan until treatment begins.

The MCO shall maintain active communication with the <u>mM</u>ember and/or AR once out_of_--state treatment begins, including weekends and holidays, for the duration of the treatment. The MCO shall resume <u>eC</u>are <u>eC</u>oordination activities pursuant to 4.4 of the Agreement following treatment completion and <u>mM</u>ember's return to New Mexico.

5.4. Transition of Care Requirements for Pregnant Women

In the event a <u>memberMember</u> enrolling with an MCO is in her second or third trimester of pregnancy and is receiving medically necessary covered prenatal care services prior to enrollment in the MCO, the MCO shall be responsible for providing continued access to the prenatal care provider (whether contract or non-contract provider) through the postpartum period, without any form of prior approval.



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In the event a member enrolled with an MCO is in her first trimester of pregnancy and is receiving medically necessary covered prenatal care services prior to enrollment, the MCO shall be responsible for the costs related to the continuation of such medically necessary prenatal care services. This includes the delivery, without any form of prior approval and without regard to whether such services are being provided by a contract or non-contract provider. This coverage is required for up to 60 calendar days from the member_Member enrollment or until the member_Member may be reasonably transferred to a contract provider without disruption in care, whichever is less.

If the member_Member is receiving services from a contract provider, the MCO shall be responsible for the costs of continuation of medically necessary covered prenatal services from that provider, without any form of prior approval, through the postpartum period.

If the memberMember is receiving services from a non-contract provider, the MCO shall be responsible for the costs of continuation of medically necessary covered prenatal services, without any form of prior approval, until such time as the MCO can reasonably transfer the memberMember to a contract provider without impeding service delivery that might be harmful to the memberMember's health in accordance with Section 4.4.16.3 of the Agreement.

5.5. Transfer from the Health Insurance Exchange

The MCO must minimize disruption of care and ensure uninterrupted access to medically necessary services for individuals transitioning between Medicaid and qualified MCO coverage on the Health Insurance Exchange.

At a minimum, the MCO shall establish transition guidelines for the following individuals:

- Pregnant women;
- Individuals with significant health care needs or complex medical conditions;
- Individuals receiving ongoing services or who are hospitalized at the time of transition; and
- Individuals who received prior authorization for services from its qualified MCO.

The MCO is expected to coordinate services and provide phase_in and phaseout time periods for each of these individuals, and to maintain written policies, procedures, and documentation to address coverage transitions.



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5.6. Transitions of Care for Members Moving from a Higher LOC to a Lower LOC

The MCO shall develop and implement policies and procedures for ensuring that mMembers transition successfully from higher levels of care (e.g., acute inpatient, residential treatment centers, social detoxification programs, treatment foster care, etc.) to the most appropriate lower LOC. Transitions from inpatient and BH residential treatment facilities for both children and adults must be addressed. At a minimum, the following must be addressed:

- Maintain ongoing communication, enlist the involvement of and coordinate with state_run facilities
 to monitor and support their participation in the mMember's care.
- Care <u>Coordinators</u> must be knowledgeable of non_Medicaid BH and PH programs/services, statewide, available to its <u>MM</u>embers in order to facilitate referrals, coordinate care, and ensure transition to community-based services.
- Ensure mMembers receive follow_up care within seven calendar days of discharge from a higher
 LOC to a lower LOC but receive follow up care no longer than 30 calendar days following other discharges.

5.7. Transitions of Members Turning 21 Years of Age

All mMembers, including those who are under the care of EPSDT, must be transitioned to other services on their 21st birthday. The ceare ecoordinator must initiate a transition plan by the age of 20 years, which is ongoing until the mMember leaves the EPSDT program. The transition plan must be labeled "Transition of Care Plan" and may be a stand-alone document or included in the CCP. If included as part of the CCP, the "Transition of Care Plan" must be clearly labeled for MCO tracking and HSDHCA auditing. The transition plan must:

- Establish a plan that is age appropriate and addresses the transition needs of the <u>mM</u>ember:
 - Health condition management;
 - Developmental and functional independence;
 - Education;
 - Social and emotional health;
 - Continuity of behavioral health services, if requested;
 - Guardianship; and
 - Transportation.



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• Ensure mMembers and, when authorized, family memberMembers, guardians and PCPs are part of the development and implementation of the transition plan. The MCO shall also ensure that the assigned CYFD pPermanency placement Planning wW orker (PPW) and/or youth transition specialist for Protective Services (PS) involved children and youth, jluvenile pProbation eOfficer (JPO) or transition coordinator for juvenile justice involved youth, and eCommunity bBehavioral hHealth eClinician (CBHC) for CYFD involved children/youth are part of the development and implementation of the transition plan for CYFD involved children/youth.

- Document the transition plan in the medical record.
- Provide the <u>mM</u>ember, and when authorized, family members and guardian with a copy of the transition plan.
- Establish a timeline for completing all services the <u>mM</u>ember should receive through EPSDT prior to his or her 21st birthday.
- Review and update the plan and timeline with the <u>mM</u>ember, and when authorized, the guardian
 and family prior to official transition to adult provider.
- Advise the <u>mM</u>ember's PCP of the discharge and ensure coordination of the services with the adult PCP.

5.8. Transition for Members changing MCOs while Hospitalized

The MCO will make provisions for the smooth transition of care for mMembers who are hospitalized on the day of an enrollment change. The provisions must include policies for the following:

- Authorization of treatment by the receiving MCO on an individualized basis. The receiving MCO
 must address contracting for continued treatment with the institution on a negotiated fee basis, as
 appropriate.
- Notification to the hospital and attending physician of the transition by the relinquishing MCO. The relinquishing MCO must notify the hospital and attending physician of the pending transition prior to the date of the transition and instruct the providers to contact the receiving MCO for authorization of continued services. If the relinquishing MCO fails to provide notification to the hospital and the attending physician relative to the transitioning mMember, the relinquishing MCO will be responsible for coverage of services rendered to the hospitalized mMember for up to 30 calendar days. This includes, but is not limited to, elective surgeries for which the relinquishing MCO issued prior authorization.



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• Coordination with providers regarding activities relevant to concurrent review and discharge planning must be addressed by the receiving MCO, along with the mechanism for notification regarding pending discharge.

Transfer of care to a physician and/or hospital affiliated with the receiving MCO. Transfers from an out_of_network provider to one of the receiving MCO providers cannot be made if harmful to the mMember's health and must be determined medically appropriate. The transfer may not be initiated without approval from the relinquishing MCO PCP, or the receiving MCO Medical Director.

Note: Members in Critical Care Units, Intensive Care Units, and Neonatal Intensive Care Units require close consultation between the attending physician and the receiving MCO physician. If a mMember is admitted to an inpatient facility while still assigned to the relinquishing MCO, and discharged after transition to the receiving MCO, both must work together to coordinate discharge activities.

The relinquishing MCO will be responsible for coordination with the receiving MCO regarding each specific prior authorized service. For mMembers known to be transitioning, the relinquishing MCO will not authorize hospital services such as elective surgeries scheduled less than 15 calendar days prior to enrollment with the receiving MCO. If authorized to be provided during this time frame, the service for the transitioning mMember will be the financial responsibility of the MCO who authorized the service.

5.9. Transition for Members Changing MCOs during Major Organ and Tissue Transplantation Services If there is a change in MCO enrollment, both the relinquishing and receiving MCOs will be responsible for coordination of care and coverage for mMembers awaiting major organ or tissue transplantation from the time of transplantation evaluation and determination through follow_up care after the transplantation surgery. If a mMember changes MCO enrollment while undergoing transplantation at a contracted transplant center, the relinquishing MCO is responsible for contracted components or modules of the service up to and including completion of the service modules that the mMember is receiving at the time of the change. The receiving MCO is responsible for the remainder of the module components of the transplantation service.

If a mMember changes to a different MCO while undergoing transplantation at a transplant center that is not a contracted provider, each MCO is responsible for its respective dates of service (DOS). If the relinquishing MCO has negotiated a special rate, it is the responsibility of the receiving MCO to coordinate the continuation of the special rate with the respective transplant center.



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5.10. Transition for Members Changing MCOs while receiving Outpatient Treatment for Significant Medical Conditions

MCOs must have protocols for ongoing care of active and/or chronic "high risk" (e.g., outpatient chemotherapy, home dialysis, etc.) mMembers and pregnant mMembers during the transition period. The receiving MCO must have protocols to address the timely transition of the mMember from the relinquishing PCP to the receiving PCP, in order to maintain continuity of care.

The receiving MCO must address methods to continue the mMember's care, such as contracting on a negotiated rate basis with the mMember's current provider(s) and/or assisting mMembers and providing instructions regarding their transfer to providers affiliated with the receiving MCO.

Receiving MCOs are also responsible for coordinating the transition of pregnant women to maintain continuity of care. Pregnant women who transition to a new MCO within the last trimester of their expected date of delivery must be allowed the option of continuing to receive services from their established physician and anticipated delivery site.

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5.11. MCO Requirements for Members Transitioning between MCOs

For any mMember transitioning from one MCO to another the following must occur.

- The relinquishing MCO must provide relevant information regarding Members who transition to a receiving MCO, including but not limited to, the Member file, within 5 business days of CARA or CISC Member transitions and within 10 business days for all other Member transitions. The relinquishing MCO must provide relevant information regarding mMembers who transition to a receiving MCO.
- The MCO must also provide protocols for the transfer of pertinent medical records, as discussed in this policy, and the timely notification of mMCO embers, subcontractors, or other providers, as appropriate during times of transition.
- The receiving MCO must provide new mMembers with their handbook and emergency numbers within 10 calendar days of transition for acute care mMembers and within 12 calendar days of transition for all other mMembers (allows for eCare eCoordination onsite visit).
- If a <u>mM</u>ember is referred to and approved for enrollment, the relinquishing MCO must coordinate the transition with the receiving MCO to ensure applicable protocols are followed for any special circumstances of the <u>mM</u>ember, and that continuity and quality of care is maintained during and after the transition.



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• The relinquishing MCO that fails to notify the receiving MCO of transitioning mMembers with special circumstances, or fails to send the transition notification, will be responsible for covering the mMember's care resulting from the lack of notification, for up to 30 calendar days.

• The MCO shall ensure that any <u>mM</u>ember entering the MCO has access to services consistent with the access they previously had and is permitted to retain their current provider for a period of time, if that provider is not contracted with the MCO.

5.12 Transitions of Care for Justice Involved Members

The MCO shall develop and implement policies and procedures for ensuring that mMembers released from incarceration or detention facilities transition successfully back into the community. At a minimum, MCOs must:

- Initiate an the HSDHCA approved MAD 900 JUST Health APHRA Transition of Care (TOC) assessment with the mMember prior to mMember's release or within three (3) business days of notification of mMember's release.
- Develop a TOC plan, derived from the TOC assessment, with mMember and/or mMember's representative's participation, that addresses, at a minimum:

Physical and Behavioral Health needs;

Community Benefit needs;

Selection of Providers in the community;

Housing needs;

Financial needs;

Continuation of Medicaid eligibility

Interpersonal skills; and

Safety

The Transition of Care pPlan, within the MAD 900 JUST Health APHRA, shall remain in place for a minimum of sixty (60) calendar days from the mMember's release or sixty (60) calendar days from notification of mMember's release.

• Conduct a Health Risk Assessment (HRA) within three (3) business days of mMember's release or three (3) business days of notification of mMember's release unless the mMember has had one within the past thirty (30) calendar days.



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• Complete Initiate a Comprehensive Needs Assessment (CNA), within thirty (30) business days of mMember's release or within thirty (30) business days of notification of mMember's release. The CNA may be completed over the course of four appointments but must be completed within 90 days of the Member's release or MCO notification of Member's release. If warranted by the completed HRAAPHRA, to determine if the mMember should be assigned to Care Coordination ILevel 1two (2) or level three (3).2.

- If the mMember is leveled at CCL12 or CCL23, fFollow all contract requirements for ongoing eCare eCoordination including development of a Comprehensive Care Plan, utilizing information from the completed MAD 900 JUST Health APHRA and CNA, and required touchpoints pursuant to the Medicaid Managed Care Services Agreement 4.4.
- Contact the <u>mM</u>ember monthly for three (3) months after <u>mM</u>ember's release to ensure continuity of care has occurred and that the <u>mM</u>ember's needs, <u>identified in the MAD 900 JUST</u>

 Health APHRA, have been met.
- Conduct an additional assessment within seventy-five (75) calendar days of mMember's release to determine if the transition was successful and identify any remaining or ongoing needs.

5.13 Transitions of Care for Substance Exposed infants

The MCO shall develop and implement policies and procedures to ensure care coordinators assist in addressing the needs of pregnant mothers and fathers with opioid use disorders and their infants. Once the member is referred to the MCO by DOH or a hospital, the MCO care coordinator will be responsible for assessing, referring, and coordinating support services identified in the <a href="Comprehensive-Addiction and Recovery Act (CARA) Plan of Care (POC)Plan of Care. MCO care coordinators are responsible for collaborating and coordinating care for the infant, affected mother/father and family and caregivers in accordance with the Children, Youth and Families Department (CYFD).

At a minimum, MCOs are responsible for:

- Providing annual training for care Care coordination Coordination staff on the Comprehensive
 Addiction and Recovery Act (CARA) Plan of Care (POC) to address the needs of both the
 pregnant women with opioid use disorders and their substance-exposed newborns. Training to
 include the difference between CYFD notification and CYFD referral or report;
- Coordinating care with the CYFD case worker, in cases where a child protective services case is determined necessary;



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Ensuring <u>care-Care coordination Coordination</u> staff communicate and collaborate with hospital staff on implementation of the POC;

- Obtaining a copy of the POC from the hospital discharge planner;
- Ensuring MCO care Care coordination Coordination staff introduce support service providers identified in the POC to the infant and mothers including family and caregivers;
- Conducting a Health Risk Assessment (HRA) with the substance abuse-exposed infant inpatient whenever possible, and if not, within 24 hours after discharge from the hospital. Conducting a Health Risk Assessment (HRA) with the substance abuse-exposed infant, parent or caregiver within twenty four (24) hours of notification of discharge from the hospital; three (3) Business Days of referral to the MCO;
- Completing a Comprehensive Needs Assessment (CNA) in the Member's home within seven (7) days of discharge to determine if the Member(s) should be assigned to Care Coordination Level One (CCL1) or Care Coordination Level Two (CCL2); Completing a Comprehensive Needs Assessment (CNA), within seven (7) days of first contact thirty (30) Business Days of HRA completion to determine if the memberMember(s) should be assigned to Care Coordination level Level two One (CCL2CCL1) or level Level three Two (CCL3CCL2);
- Following all contract requirements for ongoing care Care coordination Coordination for memberMember(s) leveled at CCL2-CCL1 or CCL3CCL2, including development of a Comprehensive Care Plan (CCP) and required touchpoints pursuant to section 4.4 of the Medicaid Managed Care Services Agreement and sections 5.2 and 5.3 of the Managed Care Policy Manual; including but not limited to home visitation programs, early intervention services and recovery supports. MCOs should refer to contract requirements detailed in sections 4.4.6 and 4.4.7 that include, but are not limited to, high risk pregnancy and co-morbid health conditions as CCL2-CCL1 and medically complex and/or untreated substance abuse dependency as CCL3-CCL2; and
- Notifying CYFD if the mother and/or family/caregiver(s) are Unable to be Reached, Difficult to Engage, Refuse Care Coordination, or are non-compliant with the POC and the CCP.



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5.14 Appendix

5.14.1 MAD 868 HCA Standardized TOC Assessment



Health Care Authority (HCA) Transition of Care (TOC) Assessment/Plan

		1. Demographic Ir	formatio	n		
Member's Name (First, Middle, La	nc+1	1. Demographic ii	IIOIIIIalio	Date of	Dirth	Medicaid ID
Member's Name (First, Middle, La	istj			Date of	DITTI	iviedicaid ID
Date of MCO Notification of Trans	ition	TOC Plan Start Date	Transition	Date	TOC Pla	n Completion Date
Member's Address Prior to Transi	tion	Memb	er's Telepho	ne		
Street:		Cell:				
City:		Home:				
State/Zip:		Other:				
Email Address		Prefer	red Method	of Contact		
and the second second		□Void	e 🗆 Text	□Mail	□Ema	ail
Name of Emergency Contact		Phone		Relation	to Memi	ber
Medicaid Eligibility Begin date		Medic	aid Eligibility	/ Renewal	Date	
ne CISC PC contact information will For Children in State Custody (CISC			l into the TO	C plan pro	vided for	CISC Members.
Permanency Coordinator (PC) Nan	-				PC Phor	ne
Transition Type:						
□ Nursing Facility (NF)						
Higher to lower Level of Care (Le	OC):					
☐Acute inpatient (IP)						
☐ Residential Treatment Ce	enter (R	TC)				
☐Social detoxification prog						
☐Treatment Foster Care (T	500 1000					
□Other (specify)						
☐ Turning 21 (complete sections 1	1. 5. and	l 6 only)				
☐ Substance exposed infants: 60 of			mprehensiv	e Addictio	n and Rec	overv Act (CARA)
program (complete sections 1, 2, 5			, inpremensiv	c riadictio	ii diid iicc	overy rice (criting
☐ CISC 066/086 Members (section						
☐ Other (specify)	, _,	-,, ,				
his section will only be completed,						g from a facility.
2. Coc		tion with Discharg				
	re ident	ified for a requirement,	enter "none	e" in Need:	s column	
If no needs ar						
If no needs ar Summary of contact attempts		ter "None" in "Needs Ide	entified by D	/C Plannin	g Team co	lumn)
		ter "None" in "Needs Ide	entified by D	/C Plannin	g Team co	lumn)
If no needs ar Summary of contact attempts			entified by D,	/C Plannin _i	g Team co	
If no needs ar Summary of contact attempts (if d/c planning team was not reach Requirement		Needs Identified by D/C Planning Team	entified by D	/C Plannin _i		



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2. Fo	Follow-up appointments	□None	
		☐Yes (if yes, describe)	
2	3. Therapies and treatments	□None	
э.		☐Yes (if yes, describe)	
4.	Medications	□None	
4.		☐Yes (if yes, describe)	
5.	Durable Medical	□None	
Э.	Equipment (DME)	☐Yes (if yes, describe)	

This section will not be completed for Members Turning 21 and will only populate into the TOC plan provided to the Member if it is completed.

	3. Transition of Care (TOC) Assessment/Plan				
		re identified for a requirement, enter "n	one" in Needs column		
	Requirement	Needs	Actions		
1.	Physical Health (PH)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
2.	Behavioral Health (BH)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
3.	Community Benefits	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
4.	Continuation of Medicaid eligibility	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
5.	PH/BH providers	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
6.	Community resource providers	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
7.	Housing	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
8.	Financial	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
9.	Interpersonal skills	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
10.	Safety	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			

This section will only be completed/populated into the TOC plan provided to the Member if they require a 3-Day Post-Discharge In-Home Assessment (Members transitioning from inpatient hospital or NF stay who may be in need of Community Benefits).

	4. 3-Day Post-Discharge In-Home Assessment If no needs are identified for a requirement, enter "none" in Needs column				
	Requirement Needs Actions				
1.	Safety in the home environment	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
2.	Physical Health Needs	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
3.	Behavioral Health Needs	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			



□None

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4. Housing Needs		☐Yes (if yes, describe)			
5.	Continuation of Medicaid	□None			
5.	Eligibility	☐Yes (if yes, describe)			
6.	Financial Needs	□None			
	Financial Needs	☐Yes (if yes, describe)			
7.	CNA if one is not in place	□None			
/.	CNA ir one is not in place	□Yes (if yes, describe)			
8. Community Benefit needs		□None			
0.	and services in place	☐Yes (if yes, describe)			
		The state of the s			
		5. Monthly Follow-Up (for 3 months)			
pui	The Transition of Care Plan shall remain in place for a minimum of 60 calendar days from the date of the decision to pursue transition or until the transition has occurred and a new CCP is in place. If the CCP is in place prior to the 3 rd monthly follow-up, that assessment is not required to be conducted. If no needs are identified for a requirement,				
ent		ls/Notes column. Additional rows may be added to accommodate further follow-up.			
	Date	Additional Needs/Notes			
	1 -	None			
		Yes (if yes, describe)			
	2.	None			
	-	Yes (if yes, describe)			
	,	None			
3	J. _	Yes (if yes, describe)			

This section will only be completed/populated into the TOC plan provided for Members turning 21.

6. Transition for Members Turning 21 If no needs are identified for a requirement, enter "none" in Needs column				
	Requirement Needs Actions			
1.	Health condition management	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)		
2.	Developmental and functional independence	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)		
3.	Education	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)		
4.	Social and emotional health	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)		
5.	Continuity of BH services (if requested)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)		
6.	Guardianship (if applicable)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)		
7.	Transportation	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)		
8.	EPSDT services and provider needs	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)		



Revision dates: August 15, 2014; March 3, 2015; January 1, 2019; October 1, 2020; July 1, 2024

Effective dates: July 1, 2024 January 1, 2014

This section will only be completed/populated into the TOC plan provided for CARA Members.

7. Transition for Members Graduating from CARA If no needs are identified for a requirement, enter "none" in Needs column			
-	Requirement Needs Actions		
1.	Physical Health (PH)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
2.	Behavioral Health (BH)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
3.	Well care visits	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
4.	Developmental and functional milestones	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
5.	CYFD involvement	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
6.	Current placement	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
7.	PH/BH providers	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
8.	Education for parent/guardian	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
9.	DME/service needs	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
10.	Community resources	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	
11.	Guardianship (if applicable)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)	

This section will only be completed/populated into the TOC plan provided for CISC Members.

	8. Transition for CISC 066/086 Members If no needs are identified for a requirement, enter "none" in Needs column				
Ĺ.	Requirement	Needs	Actions		
1.	Physical Health (PH)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
2.	Behavioral Health (BH)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
3.	Well care visits	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
4.	Developmental and functional milestones	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
5.	CYFD involvement	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
6.	Current placement and permanency plan	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			
7.	PH/BH providers	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)			



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8.	Education for parent/guardian	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)
9.	DME/service needs	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)
10.	Community resources	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)
11.	Guardianship (if applicable)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)
12.	Transitioning to a new MCO (if applicable)	□None □Yes (if yes, describe)